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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/526,980	03/07/2005	Yasuhiro Hase	040116	7990	
21254 7590 10/16/2007 MCGINN INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP, PLLC			EXAMINER		
	URTHOUSE ROAD	•		THOMAS, BRADLEY H	
VIENNA, VA	22182-3817		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
,			2835		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			10/16/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
		10/526,980	HASE ET AL.		
Office Action Summary		Examiner	Art Unit		
		Bradley H. Thomas	2835		
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address		
A SH WHIO - Exte after - If NO - Failt Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period vare to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONI	N. imely filed n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
· —	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 Ju	<del></del> _			
,—	This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.				
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	:х рапе Quayle, 1935 С.D. 11, 4	53 U.G. 213.		
Disposit	ion of Claims				
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed.  Claim(s) <u>1,2,4-7,9,11,14-16 and 18-20</u> is/are reclaim(s) <u>3,8,10,12,13 and 17</u> is/are objected to Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration. ejected. o.			
Applicat	ion Papers				
, —	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	epted or b)  objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. So	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a).		
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	kaminer. Note the attached Offic	e Action or form PTO-152.		
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12)⊠ a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applica rity documents have been receiv u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ition No ved in this National Stage		
Attachme	• •				
2)  Noti 3) Info	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Date		

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Amendment

1. Acknowledgement is made of the Amendment filed July 26, 2007.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-2, 4-7, 9, 11, 14-16 and 18-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hase (JP 06-181028, with machine translation and Abstract) taken in combination with Koch (US 3,813,627).

Regarding Claim 1, Hase discloses a cord type thermal fuse comprising:

- a fuse core (3) produced by winding a conductor (2) meltable at a predetermined temperature around an insulating core member (1) continuously provided elongating in the length direction of the insulating core member (1) (see Fig. 1);
- and an insulating cover (5) covering the outside of said insulating core member
   (1), wherein:
- said conductor (2) can be broken by expanding said insulating core member (1)
   at a predetermined temperature;

except for:

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said insulating core member comprises a gas-containing material.

Koch teaches that it is known to have an insulating core member (16) that is a gascontaining material (see col. 4, lines 60-67). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the fuse art at the time the invention was made to have used a gascontaining material as an insulating core of a fuse as taught by Koch, since Koch states at col. 4, lines 62-67 that such a modification would have allowed for gas to be evolved, thereby providing certain breaking of the fuse elements and providing further electrical protection.

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Regarding Claim 2, Hase teaches:

said insulating core member (1) has at least one or more protrusions (see Figs.
 2-3) formed continuously or intermittently in the length direction of said insulating core member on the outer peripheral surface of said insulating core member (1).

Regarding Claim 4, Hase teaches:

- a line-shaped or braid-shaped (4) insulator is provided on an inner peripheral
   side of said insulating cover (5); and
- said conductor (2) is sandwiched between said insulating core member (1) and said line-shaped or braid-shaped insulator (4) at least partially in the length direction of said conductor (2) (see Fig. 1).

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Regarding Claims 5 and 6, Hase teaches:

said line-shaped or braid-shaped insulator (4)

except for explicitly stating that the insulator has:

 a characteristic of contracting in the length direction of said conductor around a melting temperature of said conductor;

 characteristic of expanding in a radial direction around a melting temperature of said conductor.

However, Hase does teach that the insulator (4) is an inorganic or organic fiber (e.g. polyamide, etc.) (see [0009] of translated DETAILED DESCRIPTION). It would have been obvious to utilize the material characteristics of the fiber materials based (e.g. expansion and contraction properties), since it was well known in the art at the time the invention was made that such fiber materials have inherent material characteristics (i.e. response to temperature) that allow for contracting/expansion in response to various temperatures. Thus, the insulator would have reacted accordingly to the predetermined melting temperature of the various fuse elements, and aided in the severing of the fuse.

Regarding Claims 7, 11 and 14-15, Hase discloses the claimed invention except for:

 said insulating core member comprises a gas-containing material as a structural element.

Koch teaches that it is known to have an insulating core member (16) that comprises a gas-containing material as a structural element (i.e. a filler) (see col. 4, lines 60-67). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the fuse art at the time the

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invention was made to have used a gas-containing material as an insulating core of a fuse as taught by Koch, since Koch states at col. 4, lines 62-67 that such a modification would have allowed for gas to be evolved, thereby providing certain breaking of the fuse elements and providing further electrical protection.

Regarding Claims 9, 16 and 18-20, Hase teaches:

- the cord type thermal fuse (see Fig. 1) provided on a fiat surface in a serpentine manner (see Fig. 4);
- and means (8) for fixing a layout of said cord type thermal fuse.

## Allowable Subject Matter

4. Claims 3, 8, 10, 12-13 and 17 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Regarding Claims 3 and 10, the cited prior art does not teach or suggest the insulating cover having at least one or more protrusions formed continuously or intermittently in the length direction of said insulating cover on the inner peripheral surface/ inner periphery side of said insulating cover. Claims 12 and 17 are potentially allowable due to their dependency upon Claim 3.

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Regarding Claim 8, the cited prior art does not teach or suggest the insulating core member comprises a gas-containing material covering a periphery of a tensile resistant member at the center of said insulating core member. Hase teaches a tensile resistant member in the center of the insulating core member, but the gas-containing core member of Koch teaches only a singular core member.

Regarding Claim 13, the cited prior art does not teach or suggest the insulating core member comprises a gas-containing material in airtight spaces.

#### Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

The following references teach general cable/wire structures:

- Lyndon (US 1,779,610)
- Winstanley (US 2,217,284)
- Shanklin (US 2,253,984)
- Spooner et al. (US 2,581,212)
- Masanao (US 3,683,309)
- Warbutton et al. (US 3,828,119)

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The following references teach link/wire type fuses:

Leach (US 4,319,212)

- Dornauer (US 4,736,181)
- Bozell et a. (US 5,304,740)

6. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Bradley H. Thomas whose telephone number is 571-272-9089. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:00am - 3:30pm (Eastern).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jayprakash N. Gandhi can be reached on 571-272-3740. The fax phone

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273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-

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USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information

system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Bradley H. Thomas Examiner

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**BHT** 

ANATOLY VORTMAN
PRIMARY EXAMINER